



# Capturing Active Transportation Counts at Intersections Using Ultralytics YOLOv8 Image and Video Tagging

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# Introduction

“State of the Art” - How are things done today?

- Manual Counts
- Counter Devices
- Some machine-learning



## Manual Counts

- Most common method
- Needs:
  - People
  - Lots of time
  - Ideally a video camera



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q
8		Using Crosswalk	Right	Thru	Left	Using Crosswalk	Right	Thru	Left	Using Crosswalk	Right	Thru	Left	Using Crosswalk	Right	Thru	Left
9	Time																
9	8:00 AM	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	8:05 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	8:10 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	8:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	8:20 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	8:25 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	8:30 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	8:35 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	8:40 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	8:45 AM	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	8:50 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	8:55 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	7:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
22	7:05 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	7:10 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
24	7:15 AM	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
25	7:20 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
26	7:25 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	7:30 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	7:35 AM	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	7:40 AM	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
30	7:45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	7:50 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	7:55 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	8:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	8:05 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	8:10 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	8:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	8:20 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38	8:25 AM	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	8:30 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	8:35 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	8:40 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



## Counting Devices

- \$\$\$
- Most counting devices have focused on cars
- Can be inexact
- Need:
  - Purchase and install device in each location
    - \$\$\$, people, time



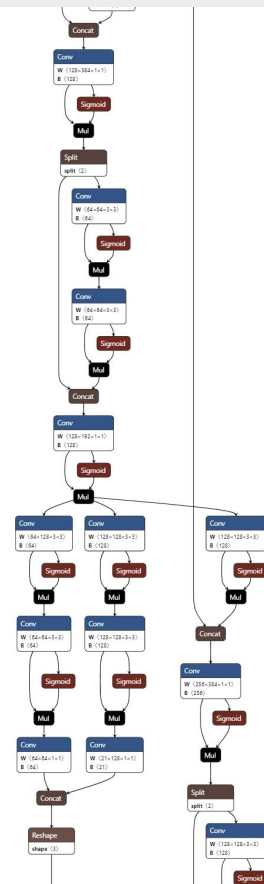
## Machine Learning - Computer Vision

- Offers a promising alternative
- Lots of options available
- Research focuses on self-driving vehicles
- Needs:
  - Video Camera
  - Trained Model
  - Computer

Sanjukta Ghosh, Peter Amon, Andreas Hutter, and André Kaup. Reliable pedestrian detection using a deep neural network trained on pedestrian counts. In 2017 IEEE International Conference on Image Processing (ICIP), pages 685–689. ISSN: 2381-8549.



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netron.app used for model visualization



## Choosing a Model

- YOLO models feature in research
- Latest model: yolov8
- sizes: n, s, m, l, x
- Model summary: 225 layers, 11,143,727 parameters, 11,143,711 gradients, 28.7 GFLOPs



## Performance

Detection (COCO)

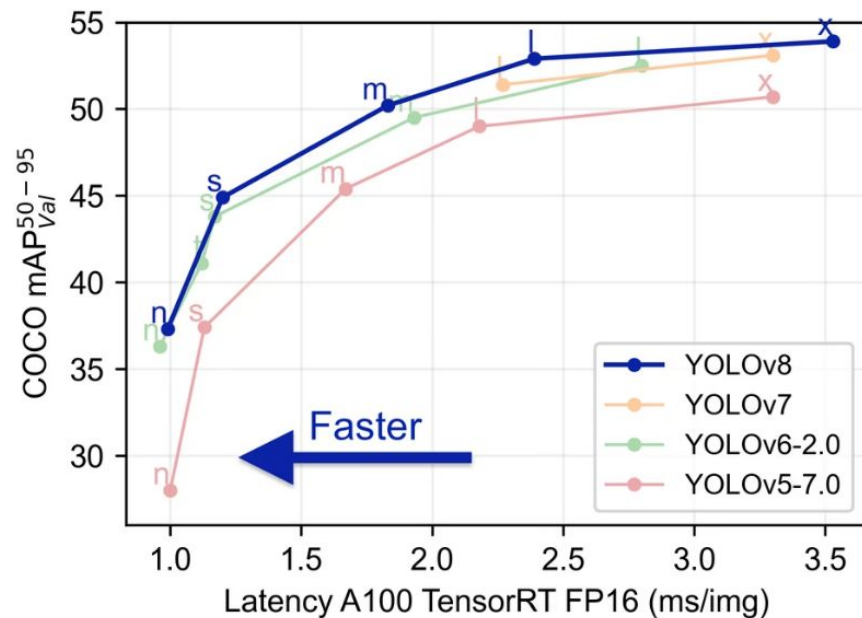
Detection (Open Images V7)

Segmentation (COCO)

C

See [Detection Docs](#) for usage examples with these models trained on [COCO](#), which include

Model	size (pixels)	mAP <sup>val</sup> <sub>50-95</sub>	Speed CPU ONNX (ms)	Speed A100 TensorRT (ms)
<a href="#">YOLOv8n</a>	640	37.3	80.4	0.99
<a href="#">YOLOv8s</a>	640	44.9	128.4	1.20
<a href="#">YOLOv8m</a>	640	50.2	234.7	1.83
<a href="#">YOLOv8l</a>	640	52.9	375.2	2.39
<a href="#">YOLOv8x</a>	640	53.9	479.1	3.53





## Training a YOLO model

- Python
- Training Data
  - Images
  - Annotations
- GPU



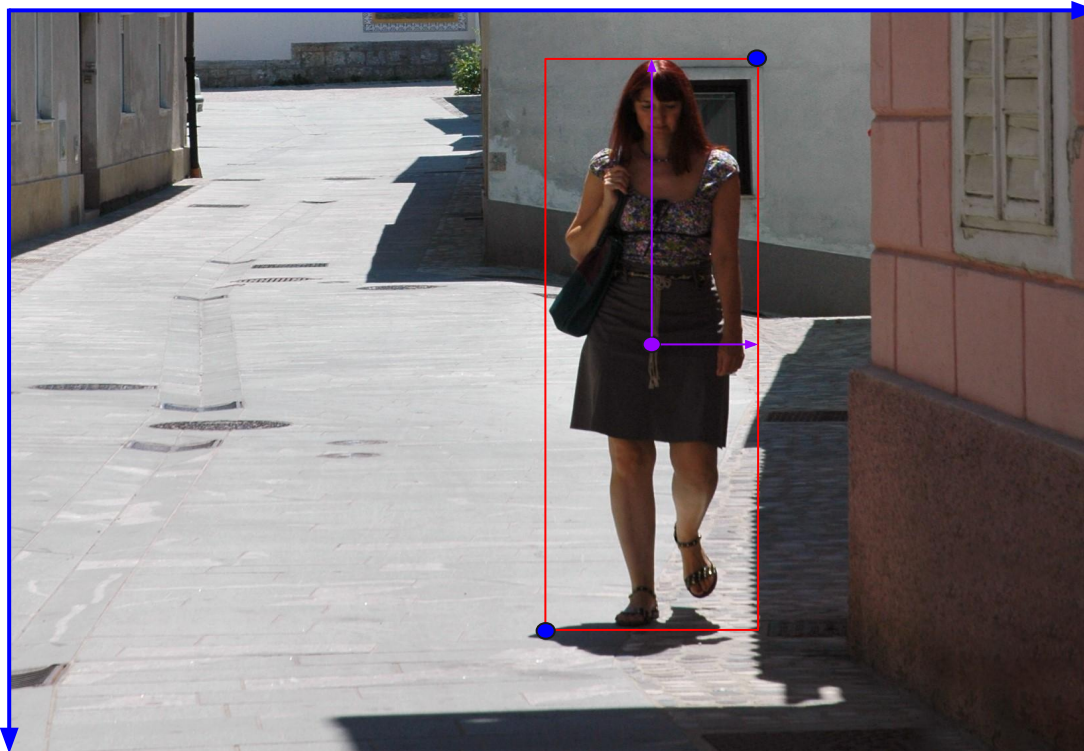
## EuroCity Persons Dataset

- 40217 total daytime images
- 183004 total daytime pedestrians found in images
- 18216 total daytime riders found in images
- Pedestrian, rider + bicycle, scooter, wheelchair, tricycle, motorbike, buggy, co-rider

# Converting the Data

```
{  
  "tags": [],  
  "imageheight": height,  
  "imagewidth": width,  
  "children": [  
    {  
      "tags": [],  
      "x0": x0,  
      "y1": y1,  
      "y0": y0,  
      "x1": x1,  
      "children": [],  
      "identity": "pedestrian"  
    },  
  ],  
}
```

```
0 x_center y_center x_dif  
y_dif
```

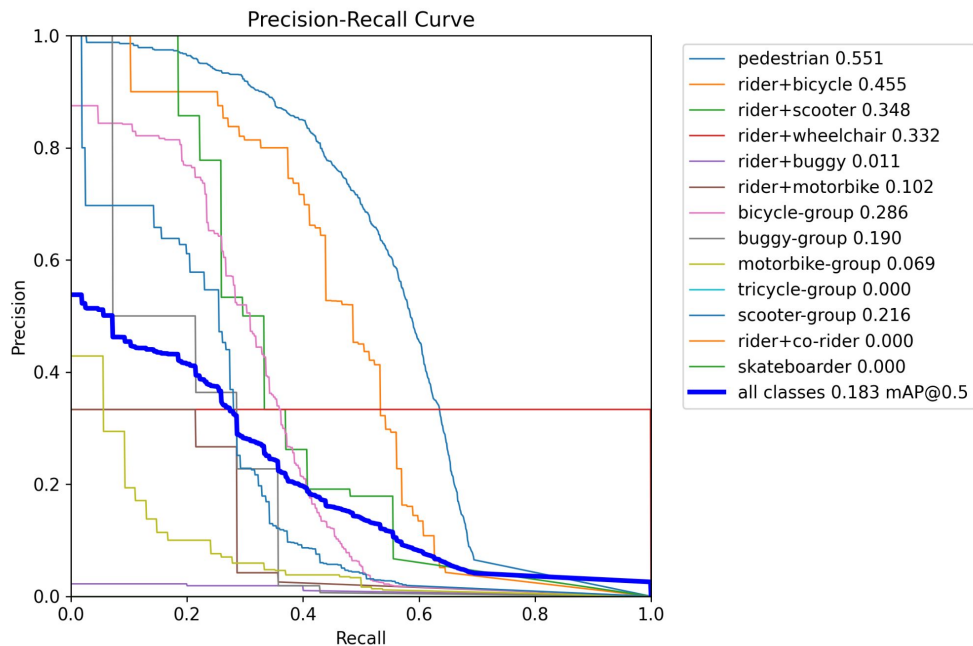
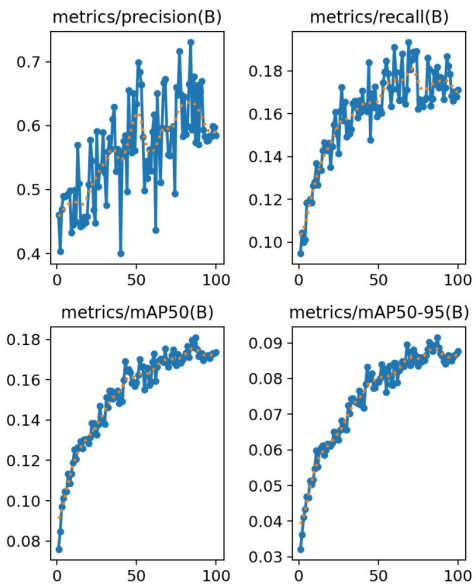




## Images used to train

- Daytime
- Not “far-away”
- Not occluded
- 6 batches

# Training





## Using the Model

- Input video
- Select regions to count in (crosswalks)
- Python Program
- Output

  
Demo







## Results and Conclusion

- Pedestrians at 0.551 mAP50
- Rider and Bicycle at 0.455 mAP50
- Using video data, expecting higher level of accuracy



## Further Work

- Train on more difficult data
- More testing and validation
- Other models?
- Outside of Intersections
- <https://github.com/a-hopps/2024-PSU-REU>

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**Thanks for Listening!**  
**Any Questions?**